		Bayview Jumbo	AUS Eligibility Matrix		
		Fix	ced Rate		
Primary Residence Purchase, Rate and Term Refinance					
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV⁴	Maximum Loan Amount ¹	
		740	89.99%³	\$1,500,000	
		720	85%³	\$1,500,000	
	1	700 ²	80%	\$1,500,000	
Purchase or Rate	ı	720	75%	\$2,000,000	
and Term Refinance		720	70%	\$2,500,000	
		680 ²	60%	\$1,000,000	
	2-4	700 ²	65%	\$1,000,000	
	2-4	720	60%	\$1,500,000	
	Р	rimary Residence	e Cash-Out Refinance		
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV⁴	Maximum Loan Amount	
		700 ²	75%	\$1,000,000	
	1	720	70%	\$1,500,000	
Cash-Out Refinance	1	720	60%	\$2,000,000	
		720	50%	\$2,500,000	
	2	700 ²	60%	\$1,000,000	
	Second	d Home Purchas	se, Rate and Term Refinan	nce	
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV ⁴	Maximum Loan Amount	
Purchase	1	720	80%	\$1,000,000	
			75%	\$1,000,000	
Purchase or Rate	1 720	720	70%	\$1,500,000	
and Term Refinance			65%	\$2,000,000	
			50%	\$2,500,000	

Second Home Cash-Out Refinance				
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV⁴	Maximum Loan Amount
Cash-Out Refinance	1	740	60%	\$1,500,000
Cash-Out Reiliance	1	740	50%	\$2,000,000
Investment Purchase Rate and Term Refinance				
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV⁴	Maximum Loan Amount
Purchase or Rate and Term Refinance	1-4	740	70%	\$1,500,000
		Investment Ca	sh-Out Refinance	
Transaction Type	Units	FICO	Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV⁴	Maximum Loan Amount
Cash-Out Refinance	1-4	740	60%	\$1,500,000

¹ First-Time Homebuyer maximum loan amount is \$1,500,000.

- MI not required
- Escrow/Impound accounts required for LTVs greater than 80% unless prohibited by applicable laws

Bayview Jumbo AUS Notes:

- Minimum loan amounts are \$1 above the current FHFA Conforming loan limits. High balance loans are permitted
- Single loan variances may be granted on a case-by-case basis by Community Loan Servicing (at purchasing entity's sole determination) for loans with terms or characteristics that are outside of the Bayview Jumbo AUS Eligibility requirements. Approval of the single loan variance must be granted by purchasing entity prior to the delivery of the loan

² Self-Employment income: Minimum 720 FICO when any Self-Employment income is required for qualifying purposes. If the Self-Employment income is not needed for qualifying purposes, then the 720 FICO minimum is not applicable

³ The following requirements apply for transactions with LTVs greater than 80%:

⁴ See Declining Market Section for LTV/CLTV reductions

Loan Product

Seller must ensure that each loan delivered to Community Loan Servicing in compliance with the Ability to Repay (ATR) and the Safe Harbor Qualified Mortgage (QM) rules established by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") with an APR not to exceed more than 1.5% above the average price offer rate ("APOR"). Seller shall deliver loans that were originated in accordance with the Special Products Seller Guide unless otherwise stated with this product matrix. Refer to Appendix A for a summary of overlays. For topics not specifically addressed in this product matrix or the Special Products Seller Guide, refer to the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide.

Eligible Products Terms	• PJF330 • Fixed Rate: 20, 25, 30 Year Terms
Ineligible Product Types	 Non-Standard to Standard Refinance Transactions (ATR Exempt) Higher-Priced Mortgage Loans (HPML) Higher-Priced Covered Transactions (HPCT QM-Rebuttable Presumption) Balloons Graduated Payments Interest Only Products Temporary Buydowns Loans with Prepayment Penalties Adjustable Rate Terms Single Close Construction to Permanent Transactions
Loan Purpose	Purchase Rate/Term Refinance Cash-Out
Rate/Term Refinance Transactions	 The new loan amount is limited to pay off the current first lien mortgage, any seasoned non-first lien mortgages, closing costs and prepaid items If the first mortgage is a HELOC, evidence it was a purchase money HELOC or it is a seasoned HELOC that has been in place for twelve (12) months and total draws do not exceed \$2000 in the most recent twelve (12) months A seasoned non-first lien mortgage is a purchase money mortgage or a mortgage that has been in place for twelve (12) months A seasoned equity line is defined as not having draws totaling over \$2000 in the most recent twelve (12) months. Withdrawal activity must be documented with a transaction history Max cash back at closing is limited to 1% of the new loan amount
Cash-Out Transactions	No maximum cash-out limit
Delayed Financing	 Follow <u>Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide</u> requirements LTV/CLTV/HCLTV for Rate and Term refinances must be met. The loan is treated as a Rate and Term refinance except for primary residence transactions in Texas.

LTV/CLTV/HCLTV Calculation for Refinance Transactions	 If subject property is owned more than twelve (12) months, the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the current appraised value. The twelve (12) month time frame may be based on subject transaction Note date If subject property is owned less than twelve (12) months, the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the lesser of the original purchase price plus documented improvements made after the purchase of the property, or the appraised value. Documented improvements must be supported with receipts. The twelve (12) month time frame may be based on subject transaction Note date 	
Age of Documents	 Follow <u>Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide</u> Requirements See Self-Employment section for restrictions 	
Higher Priced Mortgage Loans (HPML)	Loans that are Higher Priced Mortgage Loans (HPML) or Higher Priced Covered Transactions (HPCT) are not permitted. All Jumbo AUS loans must be Qualified Mortgages (QM) and within	
Higher Priced Covered Transactions (HPCT)	the QM Safe Harbor protection	
Documentation	If subject property has a HELOC that is not included in the CLTV/HCLTV calculation, the loan file must contain evidence the HELOC has been closed	
	Eligibility	
Texas 50(a)(6)	Transactions in the state of Texas subject to 50(a)(6) are not permitted Current 50(a)(6) loans may not be refinanced into a non-home equity loan	
Borrower Eligibility	 US Citizens Permanent Resident Aliens with evidence of lawful residency Must be employed in the US for the past twenty-four (24) months Non-Permanent Resident Aliens with evidence of lawful residency are eligible with the following restrictions: Primary Residence Only Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV 75% Unexpired H1B, H2B, E1, L1, and G Series VISAs only; G Series VISAs must have no diplomatic immunity Borrower must have a current twenty-four (24) month employment history in the US Documentation evidencing lawful residency must be met (see <u>Special Products Seller Guide</u> for requirements) Illinois Land Trust Inter Vivos Revocable Trust All borrowers must have a valid Social Security Number Non-Occupant Borrower – Follow Fannie Mae Selling Guide requirements with exception of non-occupant relationship who must be a related family member of the borrower(s) 	
Ineligible Borrowers	Foreign Nationals Borrowers with Diplomatic Immunity status Life Estates Non-Revocable Trusts Guardianships LLCs, Corporations or Partnerships Land Trusts, except for Illinois Land Trust	

	 Borrowers with any ownership in a business that is Federally illegal, regardless if the income is not being considered for qualifying
First-Time Homebuyer	 First-Time Homebuyer is defined as a borrower who has not owned a home in the last three (3) years. For loans with more than one (1) borrower, where at least one (1) borrower has owned a home in the last three (3) years, First-Time Homebuyer requirements do not apply Verification of rental history is not required Maximum loan amount is \$1,500,000 Not allowed on investment property transactions See Reserve Section for additional requirements
Non-Arm's Length Transactions	A non-arm's length transaction exists whenever there is a personal or business relationship with any parties to the transaction which may include the seller, builder, real estate agent, appraiser, lender, title company or other interested party. The following non-arm's length transactions are eligible: Family sales or transfers Property seller acting as their own real estate agent Relative of the property seller acting as the seller's real estate agent Borrower acting as their own real estate agent Relative of the borrower acting as the borrower's real estate agent Borrower is the employee of the originating lender and the lender has an established employee loan program. Evidence of employee program to be included in loan file Originator is related to the borrower Borrower purchasing from their landlord (cancelled checks or bank statements required to verify satisfactory pay history between borrower and landlord) Gifts from relatives that are interested parties to the transaction are not allowed, unless it is a gift of equity. Real estate agents may apply their commission towards closing costs and/or prepaids if the amounts are within the interested party contribution limitations Investment property transactions must be arm's length Other non-arm's length transactions may be acceptable on an single loan variance basis
Continuity of Obligation	 When at least one (1) borrower on the existing mortgage is also a borrower on the new refinance transaction, continuity of obligation requirements have been met. If continuity of obligation is not met, the following permissible exceptions are allowed for the new refinance to be eligible: The borrower has been on title for at least twelve (12) months but is not obligated on the existing mortgage that is being refinanced and the borrower meets the following requirements: Has been making the mortgage payments (including any secondary financing) for the most recent twelve (12) months, or Is related to the borrower on the mortgage being refinanced The borrower on the new refinance transaction was added to title twenty- four (24) months or more prior to the disbursement date of the new refinance transaction The borrower on the refinance inherited or was legally awarded the property by a court in the case of divorce, separation or dissolution of a domestic partnership The borrower on the new refinance transaction has been added to title through a transfer from a trust, LLC or partnership. The following requirements apply: Borrower must have been a beneficiary/creator (trust) or 25% or more owner of the LLC or partnership prior to the transfer The transferring entity and/or borrower has had a consecutive ownership (on title) for at least



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	the most recent six (6) months prior to the disbursement of the new loan NOTE: Transfer of ownership from a corporation to an individual does not meet the continuity
	of obligation requirement
	Credit
Underwriting	 All loans must have Fannie Mae DU Findings included in the loan file The DU recommendation may be either Approve/Ineligible due to loan amount or maximum cash-out on a rate/term refinance transaction or Approve/Eligible for High Balance loan amounts only Lender is responsible for ensuring that all data and information provided in the final submission to DU matches the terms of the closed loan or is within the acceptable tolerances specified in the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide The loan delivery data must match the closed loan and the final data submitted to DU Manual underwrite is not permitted Second Home transactions – prudent underwriting must be exercised to determine the reasonableness of considering the property a second home
Credit Requirements	 Non-traditional credit is not allowed All borrowers must have a minimum of two (2) credit scores Disputed tradelines: All disputed tradelines must be included in the DTI if the account belongs to the borrower unless documentation can be provided that authenticates the dispute Derogatory accounts must be considered in analyzing the borrower's willingness to repay. However, if a disputed account has a zero balance and no late payments, it can be disregarded Frozen Credit: Follow Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide requirements except as noted below All borrowers must have a minimum of two (2) credit scores that are generated from the unfrozen bureaus Rapid credit rescores are permitted. A rapid rescore is a process that can quickly update a borrower's credit score by submitting proof of positive account changes to the three major credit repositories since the last reporting deadline in order to reflect the current credit status
Housing History	 Mortgage history requirements: If the borrower(s) has a Mortgage in the most recent twenty-four (24) months, a mortgage rating must be obtained, reflecting 0x30 in the last twenty-four (24) months The mortgage rating may be on the credit report or a VOM Applicable to all borrowers on the loan Sellers must review the borrower(s) credit report to determine status of all mortgage loans including verification mortgage is not subject to a loss mitigation program, repayment plan, loan modification or payment deferral plan. In addition to reviewing the credit report, the Seller must also apply due diligence for each mortgage loan on which a borrower is obligated, including co-signed mortgage loans and mortgage loans not related to the subject transaction, to determine the loan payments are current as of the Note date of the subject transaction. Current means the borrower has made all payments due in the month prior to the Note date of the subject transaction and no later than the last business day of that month. Acceptable documentation includes one of the following:

	 If the mortgage holder is a party to the transaction or relative of the borrower, cancelled checks or bank statements to verify satisfactory mortgage history is required
	Bankruptcy, Chapter 7, 11, 13 - seven (7) years since discharge / dismissal date
	Foreclosure - seven (7) years since completion date
	Notice of Default - seven (7) years
	Short Sale/Deed-in-Lieu - seven (7) years since completion / sale date
	Forbearance resulting in subsequent loan modification - seven (7) years since exit from
	forbearance (see below Forbearance section for additional requirements)
	 Mortgage accounts that were settled for less, negotiated or short payoffs – seven (7) years since settlement date
	Loan modifications:
	 Lender initiated modification will not be considered a derogatory credit event if the modification did not include debt forgiveness and was not due to hardship as evidenced by supporting documentation. No seasoning requirement would apply
	o If the modification was due to hardship or included debt forgiveness – seven (7) years since modification
	Single loan variances for credit events will be considered on a case-by-case basis between four (4) and seven (7) years with extenuating circumstances subject to the following:
	o Extenuating circumstances are defined as non-recurring events that are beyond the
0''f'1 D1	borrower's control resulting in a sudden significant and prolonged reduction in income or
Significant Derogatory	catastrophic increase in financial obligations
Credit	 Examples would include death or major illness of a spouse or child but would not
	include divorce or job loss
	o Documentation must be provided to support the claim of extenuating circumstances and
	confirm the nature of the event that led to the credit event and illustrate the borrower has
	no reasonable option other than to default on their obligations
	o If the defaulted debt was assigned to an ex-spouse and the default occurred after the borrower was relieved of the obligation, the event may be considered on a single loan variance basis
	Multiple derogatory credit events not allowed, regardless if seasoned over seven (7) years
	A mortgage with a Notice of Default filed that is subsequently modified is not considered a multiple event
	o A mortgage with a Notice of Default filed that is subsequently foreclosed upon or sold as
	a short sale is not considered a multiple event
	Tax liens, judgments, charge-offs, and past-due accounts must be satisfied or brought
	current prior to or at closing
	Cash-Out proceeds from the subject transaction may not be used to satisfy judgments, tax
	liens, charge-offs or past-due accounts
	 Payment plans on prior year tax liens/liabilities are not allowed, must be paid in full Determining Eligibility for New Loan
	Determining Engineery for New Loan
	For borrowers who have entered into forbearance on any loan (including but not limited to the
	subject mortgage) between 01.01.2020 and 06.01.2022, the below listed criteria is to be used
Forbearance	to determine eligibility. All other loans must follow the forbearance waiting period as required in the Significant Derogatory Credit section above.
	 Any loans that are shown to be in active or previous forbearance but where the borrower continued to make regularly scheduled payments and has made at least one (1) regularly scheduled payment since forbearance inception date are eligible All payments must have been made within the month due

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	 Three (3) consecutive months of required payments since completed forbearance plan All payments must have been made within the month due
0	 <u>Cash-out Refinance:</u> Twelve (12) consecutive months of required payments since completed forbearance plan All payments must have been made within the month due
of Fu ca • <u>Re</u> co	ayment Deferral: The refinance of a loan that has a payment deferral and where the amount the deferred payments is included in the new loan is eligible as a rate/term transaction. Unds applied to pay off the prior loan, including the deferred portion, are not considered ash out epayment Plan: The full amount of the repayment plan monthly payment must be onsidered in meeting the required consecutive payment requirements (Purchase/Rate Term Cash-out) detailed above
• A wi • Lo for • Fo	mortgage subject to forbearance must utilize the mortgage payment history in accordance ith the forbearance plan in determining late housing payments can file must contain a letter of explanation from the borrower detailing the reason for or orbearance and that the hardship no longer exists orbearance resulting in subsequent loan modification is considered a significant derogatory redit event and subject to a seven (7) year waiting period
	TVs < 80% - 45% TVs > 80% - 36%
Litigation	e 1003, title commitment or credit documents indicate that the borrower is party to a suit, additional documentation must be obtained to determine no negative impact on the rower's ability to repay, assets or collateral
	Liabilities
• If St	the most recent tax return or tax extension indicate a borrower owes money to the IRS or tate Tax Authority, evidence of sufficient liquid assets to pay the debt must be ocumented if the amount due is within ninety (90) days of loan application date or if the ax transcripts show an outstanding balance due: A payment plan for the most recent tax year is allowed if the following requirements are met: Payment plan was setup at the time the taxes were due. Copy of the payment plan must be included in the loan file Payment is included in the DTI



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- Satisfactory pay history based on terms of payment plan is provided
- Payment plan is only allowed for taxes due for the most recent tax year, prior years not allowed. For example, borrower files their 2019 return or extension in April 2020, a payment plan would be allowed for taxes due for 2019 tax year. Payment plans for 2018 or prior years would not be allowed.
- Borrower does not have a prior history of tax liens
- Alimony payments follow Fannie Mae Selling Guide requirements

Employment/Income

- A two (2) year employment history is generally required
- If the borrower(s) have less than a two (2) year employment and income history, the lender must provide a written analysis to justify the determination that the income used to qualify the borrower is stable
- Short-term rentals: All loans must be originated in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and restrictions pertaining to short-term rentals
 - New York City short-term rental qualifying income not permitted

Employment/Income

Declining Income: When the borrower has declining income, the most recent twelve (12) months should be used or the most conservative income calculation if the declining period is shorter than 12 months. Income must be stabilized and not subject to further decline in order to be considered for qualifying purposes

- The employer or the borrower should provide an explanation for the decline and the underwriter should provide a written justification for including the declining income in qualifying
- Borrower(s) must have a minimum of two (2) years employment and income history
- Tax transcripts for personal tax returns are required when tax returns are used to document borrower's income or any loss and must match the documentation in the loan file. Tax transcripts must be obtained directly from the IRS via a third party except as indicated below.
 - In the instance where there is an indication of possible identity theft or fraud and the transcript request has been rejected by the IRS with a **Code 10** indicating that "Due to limitations, the IRS is unable to process this request", online borrower obtained tax transcripts are permitted to validate income used for qualifying purposes. Evidence of the IRS transcript request rejection is required. Borrower obtained transcripts are not permitted due to IRS rejection because of missing, incomplete or altered information on the Form 4506-C (Codes 1-9).

General Documentation Requirements

- Social Security Income: Secondary validation is required when the income is documented via either an Award Letter or a 1099. Acceptable validation can be in the form of tax transcripts/1099 transcripts or a bank statement showing evidence of the SSI deposit and dated within 30 days of the application date
- A 4506-C form is required to be signed at closing by all borrowers for all transactions
- Taxpayer consent form signed by all borrowers
- Verification of the existence of borrower's self-employment must be verified through a thirdparty source and no more than twenty (20) business days prior to the Note date. In addition, confirmation that the business is currently operating must be provided. Below are acceptable examples of documentation to confirm the business is currently operating:
 - Evidence of current work (executed contracts or signed invoices) that indicate the business is operating on the day the lender verifies self-employment;
 - Evidence of current business receipts within 10 days of the Note date (payment for services performed);
 - Lender certification the business is open and operating (lender confirmed through a phone call or other means); or



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	 Business website demonstrating activity supporting current business operations (timely appointments for estimates or service can be scheduled Aggregate secondary and separate sources of self-employment losses reporting on 1040 tax transcripts greater than 5% of borrower's total qualifying income must be deducted from qualifying income. Additional self-employment documentation is not required K-1 losses where borrower owns less than 25% must be deducted from qualifying income when the aggregate loss is greater than 5% of borrowers total qualifying income Passive losses shown on K-1s, such as publicly traded companies or where ownership is under 5%, can be excluded from income on a case-by-case basis. Any passive K-1 losses excluded will not count toward the aggregate secondary and separate sources of self-employment losses and the 5% threshold for deducting the loss from income
Unacceptable Sources of Income	 Deferred compensation Retained earnings Education benefits Trailing spouse income New York City short-term rental qualifying income not permitted. Any income that is not legal in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations. Federal law restricts the following activities and therefore the income from these sources are not allowed for qualifying: Foreign shell banks Medical marijuana dispensaries if borrower has any ownership Any income resulting from ownership in a business related to recreational marijuana use, growing, selling or supplying of marijuana, even if legally permitted under state or local law
Salaried, Bonus & Commission Income	 Salaried Borrowers: Income and Employment must be documented per the DU findings and all income sources and methods of income calculation must meet the requirements in chapters B3-3 through B3-6 of the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide, published June 3, 2020 and the requirements below Secondary verification of the income documentation is required via W-2 transcripts or via Fannie Mae approved third party vendors (i.e., The Work Number) with separation of income types (base, bonus, OT, etc.). The number of years provided will be based on the DU findings Manual verification of employment, even if through a 3rd party are not permitted The IRS transcripts and the supporting income documentation must be consistent If 3rd party verification (i.e., The Work Number) is the source used to verify income, then W-2 transcripts are also required as the secondary verification of the income – see below table
	Work Number) Commission/Bonus Income: Follow requirements above for salaried borrowers, and Commission/Bonus income must be documented for the most recent 2 (two) years with a

year-to-date paystub and W-2s

Retirement Income (Pension, Annuity, 401(k), IRA Distributions)	 Existing distribution of assets from an IRA, 401(k) or similar retirement asset must be sufficient to continue for a minimum of three (3) years If any retirement income will cease within the first three (3) years of the loan, the income may not be used
Trust income	 Income from trusts may be used if guaranteed and regular payments will continue for at least three (3) years Regular receipt of trust income for the past twelve (12) months must be documented Copy of trust agreement or trustee statement showing: Total amount of borrower designated trust funds Terms of payment Duration of trust Evidence the trust is irrevocable If trust fund assets are being used for down payment or closing costs, the loan file must contain adequate documentation to indicate the withdrawal of the assets will not negatively affect income
Restricted Stock and Stock Options	 May only be used as qualifying income if the income has been consistently received for two (2) years and is identified on the paystubs, W-2s and tax returns as income and the vesting schedule indicates the income will continue for a minimum of two (2) years at a similar level as prior two (2) years A two (2) year average of prior income received from RSUs or stock options should be used to calculate the income, with the continuance based on the vesting schedule using a stock price based on the lower of the current stock price or the 52-week average for the most recent twelve (12) months reporting at the time of application. The income used for qualifying must be supported by future vesting based on the stock price used for qualifying and vesting schedule. Additional awards must be similar to the qualifying income and awarded on a consistent basis There must be no indication the borrower will not continue to receive future awards consistent with historical awards received Borrower must be currently employed by the employer issuing the RSUs/stock options for the RSUs/stock options to be considered in qualifying income Stock must be a publicly traded stock Vested restricted stock units and stock options cannot be used for reserves if using for income to qualify RSU income must be entered into DU as bonus income Incentive sign on income and future RSU's are limited to 50% of the total qualifying income; income calculation results may be reduced to meet the 50% restriction
Projected Income	Paystub (once borrower has started with new employer) must be provided prior to purchase of the loan by Community Loan Servicing
Asset Depletion	 Maximum 80% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV Primary residence 1-2 units only and Second Homes are eligible Primary residence 3-4 units are not eligible Investment properties are not eligible Purchase, Rate/Term and Cash-Out transactions are eligible Eligible assets must be held in a US account There are no age restrictions for the use of Asset Depletion as a source of qualifying income Qualifying Asset Income = Net Eligible Assets divided by 240



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- Asset Depletion may not be combined with employment related income to qualify (i.e., salaried income, self-employment income, etc.) for any Borrower that is an account holder of the assets used for Asset Depletion. If there is employment related income from a Borrower that is not a joint account holder of the account used for Asset Depletion, then this income may be eligible to be used for qualifying purposes
- Pension, Social Security or other annuity type income streams may be used and combined with Asset Depletion income as long as the assets generating that income are not used in the Asset Depletion income calculations
- Assets used as income can only be sourced from one income stream. As an example, an
 asset cannot be used as both capital gains income and asset depletion income
- · Net Eligible Assets
 - Minimum Net Eligible Assets: Borrowers must have at least \$1,000,000 of Net Eligible Assets
 - Net Eligible Assets equals Total Eligible Assets as defined in the below table (after any haircuts required for retirement assets per the Asset Requirements section of this product matrix) minus:
 - Funds required to be paid by borrower for closing (i.e., down payment, closing costs)
 - Gift and/or borrowed funds
 - Reserves
 - Any portion of assets pledged as collateral for a loan
 - Cash Out proceeds are not allowed to be used in the Asset Depletion calculation and are not an Eligible Asset
- Business funds not permitted to be included in net eligible asset amount
- · Most recent two years of tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts are required
- Assets must meet the eligibility and documentation requirements outlined in the below table:

Asset Type	Asset Eligibility Requirements	Documentation Requirements
Retirement Assets	The retirement assets must be in a retirement account recognized by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) (e.g., 401(k), IRA) Borrower must be the sole owner The asset must not currently be used as a source of income by the Borrower, i.e. retirement distributions The Borrower's rights to the funds in the account must be fully vested	Most recent retirement asset account statement Documentation evidencing asset eligibility requirements are met Most recent two years tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts
Lump-sum distribution funds not deposited to an eligible retirement asset	If the lump-sum distribution funds have been deposited to an eligible retirement asset, follow the requirements for retirement assets described above, otherwise: Lump-sum distribution funds must be derived from a retirement account recognized by the IRS (e.g., 401(k), IRA) and must be deposited to a depository or non-retirement securities account A Borrower must have been the recipient of the lump-sum distribution funds Parties not obligated on the Mortgage may not have an ownership interest in the account that holds the funds from the lump-sum distribution The proceeds from the lump-sum distribution must be immediately accessible in their entirety The proceeds from the lump-sum distribution must not have been or currently be subject to a penalty or early distribution tax	Employer distribution letter(s) and/or check-stub(s) evidencing receipt and type of lump-sum distribution funds; IRS 1099-R (if it has been received) Satisfactorily documented evidence of the following: O Funds verified in the non-retirement account and used for qualification must have been derived from eligible retirement assets O Lump-sum distribution funds must not have been or currently be subject to a penalty or early distribution tax Most recent two years tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts

Depository • The Borrower must solely own assets or, if asset is · Provide account statement(s) covering accounts and owned jointly, each asset owner must be a Borrower a two-month period Securities on the Mortgage and /or on the title to the subject · For securities only, if the Borrower property does not receive a stock/security • As of the Note Date, the Borrower must have access account statement to withdraw the funds in their entirety, less any portion o Provide evidence the security is pledged as collateral for a loan or otherwise owned by the Borrower, and encumbered, without being subject to a penalty o Verify value using stock prices from a financial publication or web site Account funds must be located in a United States- or State-regulated financial institution and verified in · Documentation evidencing asset U.S. dollars eligibility requirements are met · Sourcing deposits: o The Seller must document the source of funds for any deposit exceeding 10% of the Borrower's total eligible assets in depository accounts and securities, and verify the deposit does not include aifts or borrowed funds, or reduce the eligible assets used to qualify the Borrower by the amount of the o When the source of funds can be clearly identified from the deposit information on the account statement (e.g., direct payroll deposits) or other documented income or asset source in the Mortgage file, the Seller is not required to obtain additional documentation · Most recent two years tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts Assets from • The Borrower(s) must be the sole owner(s) of the Most recent three months' depository or the sale of the proceeds from the sale of the business that were securities account statements Borrower's deposited to the depository or non-retirement • Fully executed closing documents business securities account evidencing final sale of business to include · Parties not obligated on the Mortgage may not have sales price and net proceeds an ownership interest in the account that holds the · Contract for sale of business proceeds from the sale of the Borrower's business · Most recent business tax return prior to The proceeds from the sale of the business must be sale of business immediately accessible in their entirety · Satisfactorily documented evidence of the • The sale of the business must not have resulted in the following: retention of business assets, existing, o Funds verified in the non-retirement secured or unsecured debt, ownership interest or account and used for qualification must seller-held notes to buyer of business have been derived from the sale of the Borrower's business · Most recent two years tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts Self-Employed borrowers are defined as having 25% or greater ownership Minimum 720 FICO when any Self-Employment income is required for qualifying purposes. If the Self-Employment income is not needed for qualifying purposes, then the 720 FICO minimum is not applicable In order to use self-employment income for qualifying purposes, the underwriter must consider the economic impacts on the business and the stability of income **Self-Employment** Aggregate secondary and separate sources of self-employment losses reporting on 1040 tax transcripts greater than 5% of borrowers' total qualifying income must be deducted from qualifying income. Additional self-employment documentation is not required K-1 losses where borrower owns less than 25% must be deducted from qualifying income when the aggregate loss is greater than 5% of borrowers total qualifying income o Passive losses shown on K-1s, such as publicly traded companies or where ownership is under 5%, can be excluded from income on a case-by-case basis. Any passive K-1 losses

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excluded will not count toward the aggregate secondary and separate sources of selfemployment losses and the 5% threshold for deducting the loss from income

Documentation Requirements

The requirements below apply for Self-Employed Borrowers with Self-Employment income used for qualifying:

- Follow the requirements per the DU findings and the requirements in chapters B3-3 through B3-6 of the <u>Fannie Mae Single Family Selling Guide</u>, published June 3, 2020 except as detailed below:
 - o If DU returns a recommendation for one (1) year of tax returns, the most recent year's tax return must be provided. IRS extensions are not permitted
 - If borrower has filed an extension, the most recent prior two (2) years tax returns are required
- Year-to-date (YTD) profit and loss (P&L) statement (audited or unaudited) is required up to and
 including the most recent month preceding the loan application date. YTD profit and loss
 statement must not be more than 90 days aged prior to the Note date
 - Unaudited P&L
 - An unaudited year-to-date profit and loss statement <u>signed by the borrower</u> reporting business revenue, expenses, and net income OR
 - o Audited P&L
 - An audited year-to-date profit and loss statement reporting business revenue, expenses, and net income
 - o If the borrower has filed an extension for the current tax year, the year-to-date profit and loss statement must be provided to cover the full year
 - If the year-to-date business income is less than the historically calculated income derived from the tax returns, the borrower may qualify by reducing the historical income to no more than the current level of stable monthly income using details from the year-to-date profit and loss statement

Assets/Reserves

- Beyond the minimum reserve requirements and to fully document the borrower's ability to meet their obligations, borrowers should disclose all liquid assets
- · Eligible assets must be held in a US account
- Large deposits inconsistent with monthly income or deposits must be verified if using for down payment, reserves or closing costs
- Lender is responsible for verifying large deposits did not result in any new undisclosed debt
- Fannie Mae approved third party suppliers and distributors that generate asset verification reports are permitted for the purpose of verifying assets
- Follow the DU and the requirements in chapters B3-3 through B3-6 of the <u>Fannie Mae Single</u> Family Selling Guide, published June 3, 2020 except as detailed below
- A written VOD as a stand-alone document is not acceptable
 - A system generated automated VOD may be used as a stand-alone documentation if provided by a verifiable institutional bank
- Stocks, bonds, and mutual funds do not require documentation of liquidation or of the borrower's actual receipt of funds when used for down payment or closing costs
- · Gift Funds
 - o Gift funds may be used once borrower has contributed 5% of their own funds
 - o Not permitted for reserves
 - LTVs greater than 80% gift funds not permitted
- · Business Funds

Asset Requirements



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- o Not permitted for reserves
- o Cash flow analysis required using most recent three (3) months business bank statements to determine no negative impact to business. Business bank statements must be no older than the latest three months represented on the year-to-date profit and loss statement
- Business bank statements must not reflect any NSFs (non- sufficient funds) or overdrafts
- o If borrower(s) ownership in the business is less than 100%, the following requirements must be met:
 - Borrower(s) must have majority ownership of 51% or greater
 - The other owners of the business must provide an access letter to the business funds
 - Borrower(s) % of ownership must be applied to the balance of business funds for use by borrower(s)
- · Retirement Accounts
 - o Eligibility Percentage to meet reserve requirements
 - If borrower is ≥ 59 ½, then 70% of the vested value after the reduction of any outstanding loans
 - If borrower is < 59 ½, then 60% of the vested value after the reduction of any outstanding loans
 - o Refer to Fannie Mae Selling Guide for liquidation of funds requirements
- Stocks, bonds and mutual funds do not require documentation of liquidation or of the borrower's actual receipt of funds when used for down payment or closing costs
- Virtual Currency is an ineligible asset type. Virtual currency must be exchanged into U.S. dollars to be acceptable for use as down payment, closing costs or reserves. Refer to Fannie Mae Selling Guide for additional details

Reserve Requirements (# of Months of PITIA)			
Occupancy	Loan Amount	# of Months	
	≤\$1,000,000 with LTV ≤80%	6	
	\$1,000,001-\$1,500,000 with LTV ≤80%	9	
Primary Residence	≤\$1,000,000 with LTV >80%	12	
Filliary Residence	\$1,000,001 - \$1,500,000 with LTV >80%	15	
	\$1,500,001-\$2,000,000	12	
	\$2,000,001-\$2,500,000	24	
	≤\$1,000,000	12	
Second Home	\$1,000,001-\$1,500,000	18	
Second Home	\$1,500,001-\$2,000,000	24	
	\$2,000,001-\$2,500,000	36	
Investment Property	≤\$1,000,000	18	
investment Property	\$1,000,001 - \$1,500,000	24	
	≤\$1,000,000 with LTV ≤80%	12	
First-Time Homebuyer	≤\$1,000,000 with LTV >80%	15	
First-Time Homebuyer	\$1,000,001-\$1,500,000 with LTV ≤80%	15	
	\$1,000,001-\$1,500,000 with LTV >80%	18	
Additional 1-4 Unit	Additional six (6) months reserves PITIA for each pro required based on the PITIA of the additional REO	perty is	
Financed REO	If eligible to be excluded from the count of multiple financed properties, reserves are not required		
Borrowed funds	Borrowed funds (secured or unsecured) are not allowed for reserves		

Reserves

Subordinate Financing



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Subordinate Financing	 Allowed up to maximum CLTV per matrix Secondary financing term must conform to Fannie Mae guidelines If subject property has a HELOC that is not included in the CLTV/HCLTV calculation, the loan file must contain evidence the HELOC has been closed Shared equity finance agreements are an ineligible source of subordinate financing 			
Down Payment/Closing Cost Assistance				
	Property/Appraisal			
Eligible Property Types	 1-4 Unit Owner Occupied Properties 1 Unit Second Homes 1-4 Unit Investment Properties Condominiums – Must be Fannie Mae warrantable and meet Fannie Mae guidelines and project standards Florida New Construction: Full Review or PERS permitted Modular homes Planned Unit Developments (PUDs) Leaseholds Properties >10 acres ≤40 acres must meet the following: Maximum land value 35% No income producing attributes Transaction must be 10% below maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV as allowed on Bayview Jumbo AUS for transactions over twenty (20) acres. For example, if borrower qualifies for a loan at 80% LTV based on transaction, FICO score, loan amount and reserves, then the maximum allowed would be 70% Properties Subject to Existing Oil/Gas Leases must meet the following: Title endorsement providing coverage to the lender against damage to existing improvements resulting from the exercise of the right to use the surface of the land which is subject to an oil and/or gas lease No active drilling; Appraiser to comment or current survey to show no active drilling No lease recorded after the home construction date; Re-recording of a lease after the home was constructed is permitted Must be connected to public water NOTE: Properties that fall outside these parameters can be considered on a single loan variance basis 			
Ineligible Property Types	 2-4 unit second home properties Condotels/Condo Hotels Manufactured Homes/Mobile Homes Mixed-Use Properties Model Home Leasebacks Non-Warrantable Condominiums Properties with condition rating of C5/C6 Properties with quality rating of Q6 Properties located in Hawaii in lava zones 1 & 2 Properties located in areas where a valid security interest in the property cannot be obtained Properties >40 acres Properties with a private transfer fee covenant unless the covenant is excluded under 12CFR 1228 as an excepted transfer fee covenant 			



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	• Topante in Common projects (TICs)			
	Tenants-in-Common projects (TICs)Unique properties			
	Working farms, ranches or orchards			
	Cooperatives			
	Cooperatives			
	LTV/CLTV/HCLTV must be 10% below product maximum per product matrix eligibility grid			
	up to a maximum 75% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV			
Declining Markets	As an example: If the eligibility grid indicates a maximum of 89.99% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV for the subject transaction and the appraisal indicates a declining market, then the maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV should be reduced to 75% OR If the eligibility grid indicates a maximum of 80% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV for the subject transaction and the appraisal indicates a declining market, then the maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV should be reduced to 70% • Full appraisal is required regardless of the DU Findings			
	o Property inspection waivers are not permitted			
	Transferred appraisals are not allowed			
	The subject property must be appraised within 90 days prior to the Note date			
	Collateral Underwriter (CU) with a score of 2.5 or less is allowed in lieu of a CDA			
	o Maximum LTV 80%			
	o Maximum Loan amount \$1,500,000			
Appraisal Requirements	 o Properties identified by appraiser as being in a declining market are not eligible to use the CU to meet appraisal review requirement. A CDA is required for properties in declining markets. See Declining Market section for additional requirements • Appraisal Update (Form 1004D) is not permitted for appraisals that are over 90 days aged from Note date. A new full appraisal is required for loans where the appraisal effective date is greater than 90 days from the Note date • Collateral Desktop Analysis (CDA) ordered from Clear Capital is required to support the value of the appraisal. The Seller is responsible for ordering the CDA. See above for the allowance of CU score in lieu of CDA 			
	o If the CDA returns a value that is "Indeterminate" or if the CDA indicates a lower value than the appraised value that exceeds a 10% tolerance, then one (1) of the following requirements must be met:			
	 A Clear Capital BPO (Broker Price Opinion) and a Clear Capital Value Reconciliation of Three Reports is required. The Value Reconciliation will be used for the appraised value of the property. The Seller is responsible for ordering the BPO and Value Reconciliation through Clear Capital 			
	 A field review or 2nd full appraisal may be provided. The lower of the two values will be used as the appraised value of the property. The Seller is responsible for providing the field review or 2nd full appraisal If two (2) full appraisals are provided, a CDA is not required 			
	o in two (2) run appraisais are provided, a ODA is not required			
	Appraisal Requirements Based on Loan Amount:			
	First Lien Amount Appraisal Requirements			
	Purchase Transactions			
	≤ \$2,000,000 1 Full Appraisal			
	> \$2,000,000 2 Full Appraisals			
	Refinance Transactions			



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	100,000	45.00			
	≤ \$1,500,000 > \$1,500,000	1 Full Appraisal 2 Full Appraisals			
	When two (2) appraisals are required, the follo	1.1			
	, , , , ,	÷			
	o Appraisals must be completed by two (2) independent companies				
	 The LTV will be determined by the lower of the two (2) appraised values if the lower appraisal supports the value conclusion 				
		nd address any inconsistencies between the two			
	 Both appraisal reports must be reviewed and address any inconsistencies between the two (2) reports and all discrepancies must be reconciled 				
	o If the two (2) appraisals are done "subject to	o" and 1004Ds are required, it is allowable to 4D is provided, it should be for the appraisal that			
	The borrower must hold title to the lot which mas part of the transaction LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is determined based on the	length of time the borrower has owned the lot.			
	The time frame is defined as the date the lot was purchased to the Note date of the subject				
Construction to Permanent Financing	transaction o For lots owned twelve (12) months or more, the appraised value can be used to calculate				
	the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV				
	o For lots owned less than twelve (12) months, the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the lesser				
	of the current appraised value of the property or the total acquisition costs (documented construction costs plus documented purchase price of lot)				
	construction costs plus documented paroni	add pride of foty			
	Refer to the Disaster Guidelines in the Special	al Products Seller Guide for requirements			
	pertaining to properties impacted by a disaste	er in:			
	 FEMA Major Disaster Declarations with designated counties eligible for Individual 				
	Assistance (IA);				
Disaster Area Requirements	o Areas where FEMA has not made a disaster declaration, but Community Loan Servicing				
	or an Investor (Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHA, USDA or the Veterans Administration)				
	has determined that there may be an increased risk of loss due to a disaster;				
	Areas where there is reason to believe that a property might have been damaged in a				
	disaster				
	• Correspondent Lenders are responsible for monitoring the <u>Disaster Declaration File</u> and the				
	<u>FEMA Website</u> including the FEMA Declarations Summary on an ongoing basis to ensure that the property is not located in an area impacted by a disaster				
	mat the property is not located in an area imp	acieu by a disastel			
Escrow Holdbacks	Not allowed unless the holdback has been disbursed and a certification of completion has been issued prior to purchase				
	Cusaial Beatriations				
	Special Restrictions • Maximum number of financed properties – following the following statement of t	w Fannie Mae Single Family Solling Guide			
	Requirements	Jw I armie wae Single Family Selling Guide			
	•	ire an additional six (6) months reserves			
	 All financed 1-4 unit residential properties require an additional six (6) months reserves for each property, unless the exclusions below apply 				
Multiple Financed Properties	• 1-4 unit residential financed properties held in the name of an LLC or other corporation can				
	be excluded from the number of financed properties only when the borrower is not personally				
	obligated for the mortgage				
	Ownership of commercial or multifamily (five (5) or more units) real estate is not included in				
	this limitation				
Geographic	The following states are not eligible: NY				
Restrictions	Properties located outside of the United State	s or in a Territory, Province or			
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Commonwealth; including, but not limited to properties in Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands or American Samoa are not permitted

	Version Control					
Author	Section	Date	Update			
AS	ALL	05.16.22	Matrix created			
AS	Restricted Stock and Stock Options	05.20.22	Added Incentive sign on income and future RSU's are limited to 50% of total qualifying income. Income calculation results may be reduced to meet the 50% restriction			
AS	Asset Requirements	05.20.22	Virtual Currency is an ineligible asset type. Virtual currency must be exchanged into U.S. dollars to be acceptable for use as down payment, closing costs or reserves. Refer to Fannie Mae Selling Guide for additional details			
AS	Subordinate Financing	05.20.22	Added Shared equity finance agreements are an ineligible source of subordinate financing			
AS	Forbearance	06.03.22	Added For borrowers who have entered into forbearance on any loan (including but not limited to the subject mortgage) between 01.01.2020 and 06.01.2022, the below listed criteria is to be used to determine eligibility. All other loans must follow the forbearance waiting period as required in the Significant Derogatory Credit section above.			
AS	Asset Requirements	07.01.22	Removed Retirement Accounts In cases where the account holder is not of retirement age and funds are being used for down payment or closing costs, evidence of liquidation of retirement funds is required			
AS	Credit Requirements	07.01.22	Added Rapid credit rescores are permitted. A rapid rescore is a process that can quickly update a borrower's credit score by submitting proof of positive account changes to the three major credit repositories since the last reporting deadline in order to reflect the current credit status.			
AS	General Documentation Requirements	07.01.22	Added Social Security Income: Secondary validation is required when the income is documented via either an Award Letter or a 1099. Acceptable validation can be in the form of tax transcripts/1099 transcripts or a bank statement showing evidence of the SSI deposit and dated within 30 days of the application date.			
DH	First-Time Homebuyer	07.15.22	Added First-Time Homebuyer is defined as a borrower who has not owned a home in the last three (3) years. For loans with more than one (1) borrower, where at least one (1) borrower has owned a home in the last three (3) years, First-Time Homebuyer requirements do not apply			
DH	Eligibility Grid	11.04.22	Verification of rental history is not required Added Declining Market footnote			
DH	Declining Market	11.04.22	Added Declining Market Section LTV/CLTV/HCLTV must be 10% below product maximum per product matrix eligibility grid up to a maximum 75% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV As an example: If the eligibility grid indicates a maximum of 89.99% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV for the subject transaction and the appraisal indicates a declining market, then the maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV should be reduced to 75% OR If the eligibility grid indicates a maximum of 80% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV for the subject transaction and the appraisal indicates a declining market, then the maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV should be reduced to 70%			
DH	Appraisal Requirements	11.04.22	Removed Appraisal Update (Form 1004D) is allowed for appraisals that are over 120 days aged Added Appraisal Update (Form 1004D) is not permitted for appraisals that are over 90 days aged from Note date. A new full appraisal is required for loans where the appraisal effective date is greater than 90 days from the Note date The subject property must be appraised within 90 days prior to the Note date Properties identified by appraiser as being in a declining market are not eligible to use the CU to meet appraisal review requirement. A CDA is required for properties in declining markets			
AS	Geographic Restrictions	01.03.23	Removed additional states and left only NY			
DH	Ineligible Sources of Income	09.27.23	Added New York City short-term rental qualifying income not permitted			
DH	Employment/Income	09.27.23	Added Short-term rentals: All loans must be originated in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and restrictions pertaining to short-term rentals New York City short-term rental qualifying income not permitted			



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Appendix A - Summary of Program Overlays to Fannie Mae Guidelines

Below is a summary of the Jumbo AUS program overlays to Fannie Mae guidelines. Please refer to the Jumbo AUS product matrix for complete details and requirements on the below topics as well as for LTV, FICO and loan amount requirements. This summary is intended for reference only. In the event of any conflict with this document, the product matrix and seller guide will govern.

Borrower Eligibility

- o First Time Homebuyer:
 - Maximum loan amount \$1,500,000
 - Not permitted on investment properties
- o Permanent and Non-Permanent Resident Aliens must be employed in the U.S. for the past 24 months
- Non-Permanent Resident Aliens
 - Maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV 75%
 - Primary residence only
- Non-Occupant Co-Borrower must be a related family member of the borrower(s)
- o All borrowers must have a valid Social Security Number

Continuity of Obligation

 On a refinance transaction, there must be a continuity of obligation of the outstanding lien that will be paid through the refinance transaction. See Continuity of Obligation section for full requirements

Credit Requirements

- o Non-traditional credit not permitted
- o All borrowers must have a minimum of two (2) credit scores
- o Manual underwrite is not permitted

Mortgage History:

- o 0x30x24
- The borrower(s) credit report must be reviewed to determine status of all mortgage loans including verification mortgage is not subject to a loss mitigation program, repayment plan, loan modification or payment deferral plan. In addition to reviewing the credit report, due diligence must also be applied for each mortgage loan on which a borrower is obligated, including co-signed mortgage loans and mortgage loans not related to the subject transaction, to determine the loan payments are current as of the Note date of the subject transaction. Current means the borrower has made all payments due in the month prior to the Note date of the subject transaction and no later than the last business day of that month. Acceptable documentation includes one of the following:
 - Loan payment history from the servicer or third party verification service
 - Payoff statement for loans being refinanced
 - Current mortgage statement from the borrower
 - Verification of mortgage (VOM)
- o If the mortgage holder is a party to the transaction or relative of the borrower, cancelled checks or bank statements to verify satisfactory mortgage history is required
- Significant Derogatory Credit: At least seven (7) years must have elapsed since bankruptcy discharge/dismissal, foreclosure, NOD, Short Sale/DIL or forbearance resulting in a subsequent loan modification. Multiple derogatory credit events not permitted



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Forbearance

- o Any loans (including but not limited to the subject mortgage) where a mortgage reflects reduced or missed payments under a forbearance and borrower has accepted a payment deferral, initiated a repayment plan or has reinstated the mortgage to return to a current status must meet the requirements below:
 - Cash-out Refinance:
 - Twelve (12) consecutive months of required payments since completed forbearance plan

DTI:

- o LTVs ≤ 80% = Max 45%
- o LTVs > 80% = Max 36%

• Employment/Income

- General Requirements: Tax transcripts for personal tax returns are required when tax returns are used to document borrower's income or any loss and must match the documentation in the loan file. The number of years of transcripts required will be based on the DU findings
- Salaried Borrowers: Secondary verification of the income documentation is required via W-2 transcripts or 3rd party verification (i.e., The Work Number) with separation of income types (base, bonus, OT, etc.). The number of years provided will be based on the DU findings
 - Manual verification of employment, even if through a 3rd party are not permitted
 - Borrower pulled transcripts are not acceptable
 - The IRS transcripts and the supporting income documentation must be consistent
 - If 3rd party verification (i.e., The Work Number) is the source used to verify income, then W-2 transcripts are also required as the secondary verification of the income
- Commission/Bonus: Income must be documented for the most recent 2 (two) years with a year-to-date paystub and W-2s
- Projected Income: Paystub (once borrower has started with new employer) must be provided prior to closing
- o Asset Depletion:
 - Maximum 80% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV
 - Primary residence 1-2 units and Second Homes are eligible
 - Primary residence 3-4 units are not eligible
 - Investment properties are not eligible
 - Eligible assets must be held in a US account
 - Purchase, Rate/Term and Cash-Out transactions are eligible
 - There are no age restrictions for the use of Asset Depletion as a source of qualifying income
 - Minimum Net Eligible assets of \$1,000,000 are required
 - Retirement Accounts: Eligibility percentage must be applied as defined in the Asset Requirements Section of this product matrix
 - Cash-Out from the transaction may not be used to meet minimum post-closing asset requirements
 - Qualifying Asset Income = Net Eligible Assets divided by 240
 - Asset Depletion may not be combined with employment related income to qualify (i.e., salaried income, self-employment income, etc.,) for any Borrower that is an account holder of the assets used for Asset Depletion. If there is employment related income from a Borrower that is not a joint account holder of the account used for Asset Depletion, then this income can be used for qualifying purposes
 - Pension, Social Security or other annuity type income streams may be used and combined with Asset Depletion income as long as the assets generating that income are not used in the Asset Depletion income calculations



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- Assets used as income can only be sourced from one income stream. As an example, an asset cannot be
 used as both capital gains income and asset depletion income
- Net Eligible Assets equals Total Eligible Assets as defined in the below table (after any haircuts required for retirement assets per the Asset Requirements section of this product matrix) minus:
 - Funds required to be paid by borrower for closing (i.e., down payment, closing costs)
 - Gift and/or borrowed funds
 - Reserves
 - Any portion of assets pledged as collateral for a loan
- Business funds not permitted to be included in total asset amount
- Asset eligibility and documentation requirements as per table within Asset Depletion section of the product matrix
- Most recent tax returns and corresponding tax transcripts are required

o Self-Employment:

- Self-Employment income: Minimum 720 FICO when any Self-Employment income is required for qualifying purposes. If the Self-Employment income is not needed for qualifying purposes, then the 720 FICO minimum is not applicable
- If DU returns a recommendation for one (1) year of tax returns, the most recent year's tax return must be provided and IRS extensions are not permitted
 - If borrower has filed an extension, the most recent prior two (2) years tax returns are required
- If the borrower has filed an extension for the current tax year, the YTD profit and loss statement must be provided to cover the full year

Assets

- o A written VOD as a stand-alone document is not acceptable
- o Gift Funds
 - Gift funds may be used once borrower has contributed 5% of their own funds
 - Not permitted for reserves
 - LTVs greater than 80% gift funds not permitted
- o <u>Business</u> Funds
 - Not permitted for reserves
 - Cash flow analysis required using <u>most recent three (3) months business bank statements</u> to determine no negative impact to business. Business bank statements must be no older than the latest three months represented on the year-to-date profit and loss statement
 - Business bank statements must not reflect any NSFs (non- sufficient funds) or overdrafts
 - If borrower(s) ownership in the business is less than 100%, the following requirements must be met:
 - Borrower(s) must have majority ownership of 51% or greater
 - The other owners of the business must provide an access letter to the business funds
 - Borrower(s) % of ownership must be applied to the balance of business funds for use by borrower(s)
- o Reserves Refer to Reserve section of the product matrix for overlay reserve requirements
- Retirement Accounts
 - Eligibility Percentage to meet reserve requirements
 - If borrower is >59 ½, then 70% of the vested value after the reduction of any outstanding loans
 - If borrower is <59 ½, then 60% of the vested value after the reduction of any outstanding loans

Subordinate Financing

- Secondary financing not permitted on LTVs > 80%
- Down payment and closing cost assistance subordinate financing is not permitted



Maximum Acreage

- o Maximum ≤ 40 acres
 - Properties >10 acres ≤40 acres must meet the following:
 - Maximum land value 35%
 - No income producing attributes
 - Transaction must be 10% below maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV as allowed on Jumbo AUS for transactions over twenty (20) acres. For example, if borrower qualifies for a loan at 80% LTV based on transaction, FICO score, loan amount and reserves, then the maximum allowed would be 70%

• Ineligible Property Types

- Manufactured Homes/Mobile Homes
- Mixed-Use Properties
- Model Home Leasebacks
- Properties with condition rating of C5/C6
- Properties with quality rating of Q6
- Unique properties
- o Co-ops

Declining Markets

 LTV/CLTV/HCLTV must be 10% below product maximum per product matrix eligibility grid up to a maximum 75% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV

Appraisal Requirements

- Transferred appraisals are not permitted
- o Collateral Desktop Analysis (CDA) ordered from Clear Capital or CU score ≤ 2.5 is required to support the value of the appraisal. CDA not required if two full appraisals provided.
- Purchase > \$2M = 2 Full appraisals required
- Refi >\$1.5 M = 2 Full appraisals required
- Appraisal Update (Form 1004D) is not permitted for appraisals that are over 90 days aged from Note date. A new full appraisal is required for loans where the appraisal effective date is greater than 90 days from the Note date
- o The subject property must be appraised within 90 days prior to the Note date
- o Properties identified by appraiser as being in a declining market are not eligible to use the CU to meet appraisal review requirement. A CDA is required for properties in declining markets

• Escrow Holdbacks - Not permitted

Geographic Restrictions –

- o The following states are not eligible: MA, CT, NY, UT, HI, MO, NV
- Properties located outside of the United States or in a Territory, Province or Commonwealth; including, but not limited to properties in Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands or American Samoa are not permitted